

Key Indicators of Southern Province -2026 April

No	Indicator	
1	Total Land Area (km2)	5,544
2	<u>Administrative Structure</u>	
	DS Division	50
	Pradeshiya Saba	42
	Municiple Council	3
	Urban Council	4
	Election Division	21
	GN Division	2,121
3	Total Population (2025 Estimated)	2,603,000
	Galle	1,096,000
	Matara	836,000
	Hambantota	671,000
4	Number Of Electors (2024)	2,099,394
5	<u>Population Density (2025)</u>	
	Galle	663
	Matara	652
	Hambantota	257
6	Elder dependency Ratio(2025)	22.0
7	Registered Live Births(2025)	24,601
8	Registered Deaths(2025)	20,676
9	Registered Marriages(2025)	16,794
10	Annual Birth Rate(2025)	9.7
11	Annual Death Rate(2025)	8.2
12	Employment Rate(2024)	94.0
13	Unemployment Rate(2024)	6.0
14	GDP (Rs.Mn) :(2024)	2,672,395
15	<u>Sectoral Composition of GDP</u>	
	Agriculture	11.8%
	Industry	6.7%
	Services	9.5%
16	Poverty Headcount Index(%)(2019)	12.6
17	<u>Official Poverty Line Rs.(2026 Feb.)</u>	
	Galle	16,837
	Matara	16,183
	Hambantota	16,100
18	<u>H/H Income (2019)</u>	
	Mean	68,000
	Median	50,000
19	<u>H/H Expenditure (2019)</u>	
	Mean	58,000
	Median	45,000
20	<u>Moderate or Severe Food Insecurity (2019)</u>	
	Galle	6.32
	Matara	5.24
	Hambantota	7.36

21	Severe Food Insecurity (2019)	
	Galle	0.89
	Matara	0.64
	Hambantota	1
22	Production Of Minor Export Crops (2024)	
	Cinnamon (MT)	13,870
	Pepper (MT)	4,517
23	Paddy Production (2024)MT	417,512
24	Number Of Schools (2025)	1,093
25	Number Of Teachers (2025)	30,722
26	Number Of Students (2025)	483,387
27	Teacher Student Ratio(2025)	1:16
28	Number Of Hospitals (2024)	122
29	Prosperity Index(2021)	0.582
30	Number of Industrial Enterprices (2025)	128

Key Indicators In Sri Lanka

No	Indicator	
1	GDP (2025)	13,128,577(Rs.Million-constant price)
		5.0%(Growth Rate)
2	Inflation (2026 March-CCPI)	2.20%
3	Unemployment Rate(2024)	4.40%